(f) The denial of all or any part of a motion for summary decision by the hearing examiner shall not be subject to interlocutory appeal to the Assistant Secretary unless the hearing examiner certifies in writing (1) that the ruling involves an important question of law or policy as to which there is substantial ground for difference of opinion, and (2) that an immediate appeal from the ruling may materially advance the ultimate termination of the proceeding. The allowance of such an interlocutory appeal shall not stay the proceeding before the hearing examiner unless the Assistant Secretary shall so order.

#### § 1905.41 Summary decision.

(a) No genuine issue of material fact. (1) Where no genuine issue of a material fact is found to have been raised, the hearing examiner may issue an initial decision to become final 20 days after service thereof, unless, within such period of time any party has filed written exceptions to the decision. If any timely exception is filed, the hearing examiner shall fix a time for filing any objections to the exception and any supporting reasons. Thereafter, the Assistant Secretary, after consideration of the exceptions and any supporting briefs filed therewith and of any objections to the exceptions and any supporting reasons, may issue a final deci-

(2) An initial decision and a final decision made under this paragraph shall include a statement of:

- (i) Findings and conclusions, and the reasons or bases therefor, on all issues presented; and
- (ii) The terms and conditions of the rule or order made.
- (3) A copy of an initial decision and a final decision under this paragraph shall be served on each party.
- (b) Hearings on issues of fact. Where a genuine material question of fact is raised, the hearing examiner shall, and in any other case he may, set the case for an evidentiary hearing in accordance with subpart C of this part.

## Subpart E—Effect of Initial Decisions

### § 1905.50 Effect of appeal of a hearing examiner's decision.

A hearing examiner's decision under this part shall not be operative pending a decision on appeal by the Assistant Secretary.

## § 1905.51 Finality for purposes of judicial review.

Only a decision by the Assistant Secretary shall be deemed final agency action for purposes of judicial review. A decision by a hearing examiner which becomes final for lack of appeal is not deemed final agency action for purposes of 5 U.S.C. 704.

### PART 1906—ADMINISTRATION WIT-NESSES AND DOCUMENTS IN PRI-VATE LITIGATION [RESERVED]

# PART 1908—CONSULTATION AGREEMENTS

Sec.

1908.1 Purpose and scope.

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1908.3 Eligibility and funding.

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1908.8 Consultant specifications.

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1908.10 Cooperative Agreements. 1908.11 Exclusions.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 7(c), 8, 21(d), Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 656, 657, 670) and Secretary of Labor's Order No. 6–96 (62 FR 111, January 2, 1997).

Source: 49 FR 25094, June 19, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 1908.1 Purpose and scope.

(a) This part contains requirements for Cooperative Agreements between states and the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) under sections 21(c) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) and section 21(d), the Occupational Safety and